Full report on page 9.

1917. Daily Average, 89,841; Sunday, 63,832.

No. 26,747.

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, JULY 17, 1917-EIGHTEEN PAGES.

DEATH AND PANIC MARK OUTBREAKS IN RUSS CAPITAL Is Urged to Allow Residents to

Two Demonstrations Against **Government Finally Quelled** and Order Restored.

THREE MEN IN CABINET HAND IN RESIGNATIONS

Sharp Disagreement Arises Over Questions Involving Ukraine. Premier Lvoff Seeks to End Trouble.

PETROGRAD, July 16 (Monday) .-Two demonstrations against the government resulted in the firing of shots in the Nevsky Prospekt at midnight, as a result of which a number of persons were killed or wounded.

The firing apparently was the result of stray shots which brought on a panic, in which the demonstrators turned rifles and machine guns on each other. Quiet was restored after a few minutes.

The demonstrations were organized by the Bolsheviki, the majority faction of the social-democratic party.

Three in Cabinet Resign.

Three members of the cabinet have and a special session of the ouncil of ministers has been convoked in an effort to avert a crisis. Their are: A. I. Shingaroff, minister of finance: Prof. Manuiloff, minister of

names are: A. I. Sningaroff, minister of finance; Prof. Manuiloff, minister of education, and Prince Shakovsky, head of the department of public aid.

The resignations of these cadet ministers followed a sharp disagreement over questions involving the Ukraine. In extensive region in Russia embracing part of the territories of the old kingdom of Poland.

Premier Lvoff has requested the ministers to meet at his private residence, when the cause of the dispute will be considered. It is known he will attempt to prevail on them to withdraw their resignations. The split in the ministry occurred last night at a ministerial conference called to consider a report submitted by M. Tereschtenko, minister of foreign affairs, and M. Feseretelli, minister of posts and telegraphs, as a result of their negotiations concerning the Ukrainans. After the report was read the cadet ministers promptly took exception to the orm of a declaration drawn up by M. Tereschtenko and Tsoretelli, and agreed to the ministers without the authorization of the government took it on themselves to commit the government to a definite policy regarding the Ukraine.

Attitude of Cadets.

Attitude of Cadeta

Tereschienko and Tseretelli, th cadets maintained, simply had been hosen delegates to find a possible basis of an agreement in the Ukraine but had not been given the power of making a declaration in the name of the government. The ministers de-clared that upon receipt of frag-mentary information from the envoys of the ministry, M. M. Tereschtenko and Tseretelli, they especially warned the latter at the beginning of the l'kraine conference at Kiev that they must return to Petrograd to confirm the temporary government, so that a decision might be taken after mature deliberations by all the members of the ministry.

the ministry.
In addition to this cause of com-In addition to this cause of com-plaint, the cadet ministers criticised the text of the Ukraine declaration, first, because it abolishes all power of the tamporary government in the Ukraine; second, because it did not specify of what territories the Ukraine consists, or make clear how it shall be governed.

Would Delay Publication.

The opposition members of the cablnet assert that only the executive body has a right to determine the future form of the government of the Ukraine. whereas according to the declaration whereas, according to the declaration of M. Terretelli, the Ukrainians appear to be proceeding informally to draw up their own government. In view of these objections and further minor faults found by the cadets, they propose the postponement of the publication of the Ukraine declaration until after further conference, stating, moreover, that in any case it would be impossible to publish the full text of the declaration, since the question of the Ukraine could only be definitely settled by a constituent assembly and that it was impossible for the government to make a final declaration on the subject.

the subject.
The cadet ministers, however, em phatically insisted that their adverse position in regard to the declaration was not to be taken as an objection to was not to be taken as an objection to the principle of autonomy for the Ukraine, wherewith their party is ingful sympathy. Their protest, they repeated, was against the methods whereby this declaration was drawn up by two members of the government acting without authority from the council of ministers and against the wording, which was ambiguous and misleading.

eschienko and Tseretelli on the other hand fiatly insisted upon the immediate publication of the declaration, adding that the form might be altered if the sense were kept intact. When the vote was taken the two Lvoffs in the cabinet and the socialists declared themselves. net and the socialists declared them-selves in favor of the declaration as al-ready drawn without correction or altera-tion. Resignations followed.

Am. Prokopovitch and Sharnousky have been appointed ministers of com-merce and education, respectively.

Commission to Be Named.

After taking cognizance of the views of M. Tereschtenko and M. Tseretelli of a communication from War Minister Kerensky on the subject, the pro-visional government decided today on the creation of an executive body to put into execution measures dealing with the administration of Ukraine.

administration of Ukraine.

The provisional government will adopt a sympathetic attitude in regard to the elaboration of necessary measures, as well as a bill dealing with the solution of the agrarian question.

In order to maintain the combative unity of the army the government will not countenance measures which might injure the military organization and command, although it does not object to the creation of army units composed exclusively of Ukrainians, subject to the approval of the war ministry.

Stepanoff Reported Out. ONDON, July 17.—A Reuter dis-tch from Petrograd says M. Stepanoff, ting minister of commerce, also has

PRESIDENT ASKED FOR D. C. PRIMARY

Signify Preference for Commissioner.

FEDERATION SENDS LETTER

Charles S. Shreve, president of the Federation of Citizens' Associations of the District of Columbia, and Charles A Baker, chairman of a committee to arrange for a preferential primary by the citizens of the District to indicate a choice for District Commissioner to succeed Olver P. Newman, called today at the White House, to leave a letter for President Wilson, asking for an appointment, to discuss with the President the proposed primary.

The committee was received by Thomas W. Brahany, assistant secre-

Thomas W. Brahany, assistant secretary to the President, who promised to lay the request of the committee before the President. In their letter the committee stated that they desired to wait upon the President "and ascertain if our scheme of selecting a candidate would embarrass you."

It was explained to Mr. Brahany that if President Wilson feels that he desires to make an appointment in succession to Commissioner Newman, in case the latter is commissioned as an officer in the Reserve Corps, without any aid or suggestion from the citizens of the District, such as might be expressed in the proposed preferential primary, then the Federation of Citizens' Associations would probably abandon its plan to hold such a primary.

Representative of All Residents. It was explained by the committee also in its letter to the President that the organization of the proposed pri-mary is to be such that it will be not the organization of the proposed primary is to be such that it will be not representative merely of the federation, but will be representative of all the people of the District, and that its only purpose is to bring out the name or names of men who might be suggested to the President as candidates for the position of District Commissioner in case Mr. Newman's office becomes vacant. It was the idea of the committee, it was stated, that this candidate or candidates might be considered by the President in connection with the names of any other candidates he may have in thind or which may be submitted later.

President Wilson had not returned from his usual morning game of golf when the committee called at the White House this morning. He has a number of appointments for the next few days, and it is not known what the attitude of the President might be in regard to discussing the District commissionership and it is known whether Mr. Newman is to leave the commissionership. At present Mr. Newman is on a three-month leave of absence, which would make it unnecessary for the President to come to a present and the President and the President to would make it unnecessary for the President to come to a present administration. The Lokal Anzeiger says the changes have been completed, and the new chancellor will appear in the reichstag accompanied by all his new colleagues.

The Tageblatt says Herr Michaelis is expected to adjourn Friday until September, first voting the war credits almost unanimously.

A dispatch from Berlin says the majority block plans to present peace terms in a resolution to the reichstag truncation is impossible. Meanwhile the execution of this plan depends upon the execution of this plan depends upon the execution of the Lokal Anzeiger received here claims that Chancellor received he

of absence, which would make it unnecessary for the President to come to a
decision until September. This fact, it is
believed, will give the Federation of
Citizens' Associations plenty of time in
which to gain an audience with the President and to carefully organize the proposed preferential primary and hold it if
it will not embarage to the pro-

PER DIEM EMPLOYES

as to those receiving a fixed per annum rate, according to a ruling today of W. W. Warwick, controller of the Treas-

Through this ruling many employed of the government, who have been in

TRAIN BELIEVED WRECKED: TWO KILLED. OTHERS HURT

Southern Passenger Overturned and Engine and Three Cars Hurled Over Embankment.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 17.-In what s believed to be a deliberate wreck, Fireman Ernest Kistler of Barbers Junction was killed and Engineer J. C.

Lanycex of this city badly injured at
Caldwells station, fifteen miles from
here, when Southern passenger train
No. 26. Charlotte to Winston State
Said to favor Von Hintze. Junction was killed and Engineer J. C. Caldwells station, fifteen miles from here, when Southern passenger train No. 26, Charlotte to Winston-Salem, was overturned. The engine and three here, was overturned. The engine and three cars were hurled over an embankment at 5 o'clock this morning. J. E.
Walker, colored passenger, head of printing department Straight University of New Orleans, also was killed no.
Dr. Adam Fisher of this city and Dr. Adam Fisher of this city and Mitter Sloan of Statesville were serifically injured, and other occupants of the first-class coach were shaken and shocked to such an extent that medical shocked to such an extent that medical aid was necessary. J. Choate, mail aid was necessary call-ber and qualifications whom the chandral ware were in the coming peace negotiations.

Spikes Drawn From Rails

Reports to Southern haedquarters here say all spikes were drawn for a full rail length on the west side of the track. Special agents are investigating, but no clue to the identity of the wreckers or their purpose has been discovered.

AMERICAN SCHOONER

REICHSTAG REVOLT STILL UNCHECKED DESPITE SHAKE-UP

Majority in Favor of Peace Terms to Make Demands on Michaelis Thursday.

CHANCELLOR MAY O. K. HINDENBURG POLICIES

Sharp Division of Opinion Arises as to New Foreign Minister. Bernstorff Has Backers.

Notwithstanding the change in the German chancellorship, and before any declaration of policy has been made by the new occupant of the post, Dr. Georg Michaelis, the seichstag revolt against existing conditions appears to be going

The majority in favor of a declaration of peace terms, it is declared, will present their resolution on Thursday, the day the new chancellor is scheduled to speak, and will demand that he accept the declaration in principle before they agree to co-operate with him.

Changes Are Completed.

By the Associated Press. COPENHAGEN, July 17.-Chancellor Michaelis is described in special dispatches from Berlin as working night

Michaelis is for the foreign policy and

country.

The Hamburg Fremdenblatt recommends the tabling of the peace resolution for similar reasons.

Von Hintze Opposed.

of the government, who have been in doubt of their status under the law granting the increases, will be assured of additional pay.

"A strict technical construction of the provision would preclude the payment of the increase to any employes other than those receiving compensation at a fixed per annum rate," says the controller. "However, I do not believe that such a construction is required by the language of the statute, and, accordingly, I have held that the increases are payable to per diem employes."

The Tageblatt, the alternative and the socialist organ Vorwaerts, all so fixed per in declaring that the candidacy of Admiral von Hintze for foreign minister is a move of the super-annexationists. The Tageblatt and Vorwaerts warn Dr. Michaelis that he cannot accept von Hintze without compromising the administration with a pan-German taint. The Deutsche Tages Zeitung supports von Hintze's candidacy.

The selection of a successor to Foreign Secretary Zimmermann was still unsettled yesterday. Pressure was directions to The Tageblatt, the Mittag Zeitung and the socialist organ Vorwaerts, all allies.

unsettled yesterday. Pressure was being brought from two directions to block, first, the proposed nomination of Count Brickdorff-Rantzau, the German minister at Copenhagen, and to substitute Admiral von Hintze, min-ister to Norway, or Count von Bern-storff, former ambassador to Wash-

ington.
The present minister to Christiania is greatly desired by pan-Germans and advocates of super-vigorous policy, not only on account of his high diplomatic qualifications, but chiefly on account

of his antecedents.

Apparently it is felt that a former naval officer, particularly one who played such a prominent role at Manila in the events of 1898, will offer the

Played Double With U. S., Is Claim.

Removal of rail spikes by unknown persons caused the wack of Southern railway passenger train No. 26 at Caldwell's station. North Carolina, today with the loss of two lives.

Reports to Southern haedquarters here Reports to Southern had a control of the retiring German chancellor, br. von Bethmann Hollweg, the German chancellor, br. von Bethmann chancellor, br. von Bethmann chancellor, br. von Bethmann chancellor, b In their reviews of the administraman newspapers comment prominently and often in an uncomplimentary manner on his treatment of relations with America. In the Vossische Zeitung George Bernhard openly accuses Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg and his foreign secretary, Dr. Zimmermann, of having played a double game with Washington, making war inevitable by attempts to deceive and mislead President Wilson in regard to the policy and intentions of Germny.

SUNK AND CREW SAVED

News of the torpedoing of the Ameron can schooner Childe Harold in European waters June 20 reached the State pean waters June 20 reached the State had not these diplomates are destroyed every chance of avoiding a break. He says they encourant water will make the June 20 reached the State had not these diplomates are destroyed every chance of avoiding a break. He says they encourant destroyed every chance of avoiding a break. He says they encourant destroyed every chance of avoiding a break. He says they encourant destroyed every chance of avoiding a break. He says they encourant destroyed every chance of avoiding a break. He says they encourant dest

SENATORS O. K. BIG

TO USE AGAINS

Military Committee Approves \$640,000,000 Bill at Forty-Five Minute Session.

Another speed record in considering the \$640,000,000 aviation program bill, passed last Saturday by the House in five hours, was made today when the Senate military committee, at a fortydered a favorable report without amend-

The committee decided not to hold hearings, in order that the appropria-tions may become available as soon as possible. Senate leaders hope to secure an agreement to set aside the food bill temperarily tomorrow and pass the aviation measure with brief debate.

shal von Hindenburg and the panderman camp. It quotes conservative and national liberal members of the
and to carefully organize the promoded preferential primary and hold it if
we such a primary.

ERDIEM EMPLOYES

ENTITED TO INCREASE

shal von Hindenburg and the panGerman camp. It quotes conservative
and national liberal members of the
and primary and hold it if
we such a primary.

ERDIEM EMPLOYES

ENTITED TO INCREASE

shal von Hindenburg and the panGerman camp. It quotes conservative
and national liberal members of the
and primary and hold it if
and Dr. Michaelis as being most favorably impressed with the results of the
conference.

The Lokal Anzeiger asserts of its
own knowledge that Dr. Michaelis already has established relations of absolute unanimity and co-operation with
the militario-political chieftains. The
newspaper strongly recommends to Dr.
Michaelis and parliament that postponememspaper strongly recommends to Dr.
Michaelis and parliament that postponememspaper strongly recommends to Dr.
Michaelis and parliament that postponemembers of the
war Department to set aside the food bill
temperarily tomorrow and pass the
an agreement to set aside the food bill
temperarily tomorrow and pass the
aviation measure with brief debate.

Amendments Postponed.

Amendments voulded to postpone, was
one for creating an aircraft production board. The committee believed
such as magreement to set aside the food bill
temperarily tomorrow and pass the
emperarily tomorrow and pass the
emperarily tomorrow and
pass a practical emperarily tomorrow and
pass the
femperarily tomorrow an Michaelis and parliament that postponement until the end of the war of the settlement of all contentious internal questions, including, naturally, Prussian suffrage reform, thereby properly sian suffrage reform, thereby properly rebuking what it terms impertinent interference from enemy countries in the internal German affairs and demonstrating the harmonious unity of the country.

Michaelis and parliament that postponement action could well be deferred. In a letter to Speaker Clark today explaining the reasons for the department of all contentious internal explaining the reasons for the department interference from enemy countries in the internal German affairs and demonstrating the harmonious unity of the country. tion received from abroad and further working out of the department's plans convince him that the existing appropriation for naval aviation based on earlier estimates are now inadequate.

The \$45,000,000 is desired for development of the coastal patrol from naval bases, for development of the scouting service in conjunction with ship operations and for carrying out the plan of tions, and for carrying out the plan of co-operative operations affoat with the

Explains Plant Plans.

Explains Plant Plans.

Explaining his purpose to establish a navy-owned aircraft factory to aid in expansion of the country's building facilities, Mr. Daniels says:

"In addition to purchasing from existing and prospective private plants it is our intention to assist in this expansion by providing facilities for building a part of the aeroplanes we will need. These facilities will also be available for the most rapid experimental work in order to enable us to keep up with developments, without interfering with the large scale production which is essential."

Explaining Plant Plans.

last Sunday on a country road near Carrolltown, this county.

The authorities, however, refused to say whether this announcement could be taken to mean that all further efforts would be for the purpose of connecting George C. Tompkins of Philadelphia, the fourth member of the autodelphia, the fourth member of the autodelphia the taken to mean that all further efforts would be for the purpo

the public as part of the campaign to obtain recruits. Saturday night the Highlanders, many of whom were wounded while in the trenches, will leave for Chicago.

A campaign in New Jersey was begun today to fill the ranks of the National Guard. It was said about 3,000 men are needed to bring the guardsmen up to war strength.

BERLIN IS CONCILIATORY. Seeks to Placate Argentina on Sinking of Steamer.

BERLIN, July 17, via London.-Germany hopes that the affair of the torpedoing of the Argentine steamer Toro will be settled amicably, according to a semi-official note. The statement denies that relations had been broken off, the government saying that it had not yet replied to the Argentine note.

Dr. Luis D. Milina, Argentine ambas-sador to Berlin, telegraphed his gov-ernment yesterday that Germany's an-swer to Argentina's demand would be delayed several days owing to the change in the chancellorship. Fear Race Trouble in Oklahoma.

Fear Race Trouble in Ukianoma.

OKLAHOMA CITY. Okla., July 17.—
The police are vigilant in the negrosections, guarding against trouble,
which has been threatened since a disturbance last Sunday, when several negroes attacked the crew of a street car
for attempting to enforce the "Jim
Crow" street car law. Early today several negroes who had congregated near
the state fair grounds were arrested.

FOUR GERMAN SHIPS SUNK, FOUR CAPTURED BY BRITISH

AVIATION PROGRAM Three Other Teutonic Vessels Stranded in North Sea and Three Forced to Return to Rotterdam.

LONDON, July 17.—A Reuter three remaining steamships, which were dispatch from Ymuiden says four

British destroyers in the North five-minute session, unanimously or and three forced to return to Rot- with the four vessels later captured Since Saturday seventeen German

steamers have sailed from Rotterdam, three at one time and fourteen at another, the dispatch says. Of the first group one, the Magdalena Blumenthal,

NO MORE ARRESTS DUE IN MOTOR CAR MURDERS

Authorities Make Announcement in Case of George C. Tompkins. Who Pepares Defense.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., July 17. - That there will be no more arrests was the positive statement made today by county authorities investigating the mysterious murder of Edward Humphries, coal operator; his wife, Mrs. Carrie Humphries, and their fifteenyear-old son, Edward Humphries, jr., last Sunday on a country road near Car-

District Attorney. D. Whenter the murder had been uncovered.

"The commonwealth has found a motive for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. The commonwealth has found a motive for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. The commonwealth has found a motive for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. The commonwealth has found a motive for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. The commonwealth has found a motive for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. The commonwealth has found a motive for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. The commonwealth has found a motive for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. The commonwealth has found a motive for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. The commonwealth has found a motive for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. The commonwealth has found a motive for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Humphries and their son." said Attorney Weimer. "More than this I cannot say as the giving out of further information would injure the case of the thumphries and their son." Said Attorney Humphries and their son." with the discovery of an automatic pistol near the place where the triple tragedy is alleged to have occurred, authorities were of the opinion they had made some progress toward solvents.

BRITISH ROYAL FAMILY NOW "HOUSE OF WINDSOR"

King George Announces New Name at Privy Council-Drops All German Titles.

LONDON, July 17 .- King George to day at a meeting of the privy council announced the new name of the royal house and family to be "The House of The privy council at which the king

announced the change was held at St. James palace. It was the most important and largest attended since the coronation. The attendance included Premier Lloyd George, Foreign Secretary Balfour and other members of the cabinet, the Archaishop of Canterbury, former Premier Asquith and all members of the colonial government now in London. The privy council unanimously indorsed King George's announcement and the proclamation putting it into effect was published this afternoon.

King George is of the house of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha. It was recently decided to drop titles or names of

German ships have been sunk by ture of four German steamers by British destroyers in the North sea. The steamers are the Pellworm, Brietsea, four captured, three stranded zeig, Marie Horn and Heinz Blumberg.

Two other German steamers were when the group was signaled by the British war craft. All six made for the Dutch coast and two of them reached the shore. These two were badly dam-

The captured steamers are all small 1,535 tons gross, was wrecked off Zandvoort.

Of the second group, owing to the action of British destroyers, not one vessel was able to proceed, eight being captured or sunk and three succeeding:

SETTLING DIFFICULTIES. SAYS SPANISH PREMIER

Official Optimistic as to Future in Talk With Correspondent-Ready . for Barcelona Situation.

PARIS, July 17.- "I am most optimis tic in regard to the existing difficulties. which already are being settled," said Premier Dato of Spain, as quoted by a special correspondent of the Paris Journal. Asserting that if the correspondent had gone to Spain to witness a revolution his mission was a vain one, the premier continued:

"We have had some strikes, two in particular, in the Asturias coal mines and the Cartagene factories, but they were ended today. We were threatened also with a general railroad strike, but

also with a general railroad strike, but there is no longer danger of it. At the present moment I do not know of a single strike in the country.

"Never has Spain enjoyed such prosperity. There is work for everybody, and it is well paid."

Interviewed by a correspondent of the Matin the premier said the government had taken precautions in view of possible disorders on Thursday, when members of parliament are expected to meet in Barcelona in defiance of the wishes of the cabinet. The premier assured the correspondent that there would be no disturbances, and affirmed his belief in the monarchy as essential to Spanish unity.

Secretary McAdoo is expected to announce within a few days were discussed here today by a number of the governors of the twelve federal reserve banks. The governors of the banks at Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Cleveland, Richmond and New York were invited to attend the con-

ference.

The purpose of the meeting was said to be to arrange the details for the flotation of the coming loan which, it was predicted, would require more labor than the first campaign. It is proposed that in each federal district a loan committee be organized with the governor of the federal reserve bank of that district as chairman. It was said new methods would be used to float the coming loan, and it is expected that some methods which have proved successful in Great Britain will be adopted.

CANADIAN STEAMER SINKS A SUBMARINE TORONTO, Ontario, July 17 .- The

Canadian freight steamship Meaford sank a submarine by gunfire in the sank a submarine by gunfre in the Mediterranean June 12, according to official information from the marine department in London conveyed to the Fayrar Transportation Company, Ltd., of this city, owners of the Meaford.

The steamship, says the account, had been pursued by the underwater craft and the gun crew of the freighter opened fire while the submarine was maneurering for position from which

PICKETS TO SERVE MAY MAKE DRAFT OCCOQUAN TERMS

Choose Sixty Days in Workhouse Rather Than Pay \$25 Fine.

MALONE MAY RESIGN TO ACT AS COUNSEL

guilty before Judge Mullowny in Police Court today for picketing the White louse at Occoquan rather than pay the pickets. Mr. Malone this afternoon declined to confirm or deny the report but stated he would see President Wilson in connection with the entire mat-

The woman defendants chose to go to Occoquan, but there was a general understanding in the Police Court that they will take the case to the Court of

Sent to District Jail.

ter this evening

After the judge had sentenced the women, they were marched into the prisoners' dock, but were sent to jail in private automobiles and from the jail they will go to the workhouse at Occoquan by the regular route.

Immediately after the sentence was announced the women, who seemed surprised by it, asked leave to retire to confer on the course they would follow. Mr. Malone went into the conference with them. Later he appeared and asked the court if he would be permitted to appear as counsel for the defendants.

fendants.

Mr. Malone said he was a member of the bar of New York city. Judge Mullowny told the collector of the port of New York that if he desired he could

lowny told the collector of the port of New York that if he desired he could be admitted to the bar of the District of Columbia without any further proceedings in this case only.

Judge Mullowny also intimated that at least one of the women would be fined or sent to jail for contempt of court for expressions uttered during the trial. This matter would have to be attended to after the defendants decided whether or not they would go to jail or make an appeal, he said.

In sentencing the women Judge Mullowny said that he was under a great mental burden. He called attention to the fact that all the defendants were women of wealth, refinement and intelligence, and that they must know that they had been the primary cause of the disturbance in front of the White House.

House.

He said that it would be a dangerous precedent to take the view that the woman's national party or any other organization should be allowed to carry banners in the streets or on the sidewalks and expect the police of the city to protect them in it.

After the women had elected to go to jail wild rumors ran around the courtroom. One of them was that Mr. Malone
had resigned by telephone his position
as collector of the port of New York. A
group of women also started the gossip
going that Mr. Malone intended to see
the President in behalf of the sixten
of the 4.553 are missing

Mock at Justice of Trial.

Women applauding, mocking at the justice of their trial, and threats to clear the courtroom and implied threats to punish for contempt, marked the progress of the case today. The great leniency shown by Judge Mullowny during the tiring conduct of all the picketing cases came to an abrupt end today.

When one woman's remarks were taken up and applauded until the courtroom was in an uprogram and when

courtroom was in an uproar, and when another woman declared the trial was

a ridiculous farce, the judge came down with an iron rod and demanded the proper decorum.

Even that warning did not suffice to Even that warning did not suffice to prevent another of the pickets, Mrs. Eunice Dana Brannan, from telling Judge Mullowny that he had uttered an insult when he termed the Russian banner born by the pickets as "treasonable and seditious."

Charge Administration Influence.

The case, started yesterday, involves sixteen women. They all testified yesterday, upholding their claim that they did not obstruct traffic; also that they were arrested on a trifling technicality. Practically all took up a new tune to-RESERVE BANK GOVERNORS

CONFER ON NEXT LOAN

NEW YORK, July 17.—Plans for the coming \$3,000,000,000 liberty loan which Secretary McAdoo is expected to appropriate the coming \$2,000,000,000 liberty loan which speeches of various lengths.

was followed by most of the other
"The prosecuting attorney's attitude has not been so much directed toward convicting us under a technicality of the law as it has been to stamp out the method which we have found it necessary to adopt to effect our aim in getter a constitutional amendment for the enfranchisement of women." She delivered several more paragraphs of suffrage talk, and finally Assistant Corporation Counsel Hart objected "to propagating political views in the court" and asked her to confine herself to the facts.

Judge Mullowny, showing the leniency which has characterized all of the Police Court picketing trials as far as matters of procedure are concerned, advised Miss Martin that if she had been a lawyer she would have said "Pill make this a part of my speech." Miss Martin took the hint and "made it a part of her speech," and continued:

Ready to Go to Jail, She Says.

(Continued on Second Page.)

Ten States and 649 Districts Are Missing Now, Gen.

ONE CENT.

PROGRESS TO BE RAPID WHEN NUMBERS ARE IN

Crowder Announces.

BY LAST OF WEEK,

OFFICIALS BELIEVE

President Wilson Expected to Issue Regulations Defining Liability of the Government Workers.

WARNING TO REGISTRANTS.

EVERY MAN SHOULD HASTEN TO GET HIS RED INK NUMBER.

Be sure to get your red ink number You will be notified by mail if you are drafted. However, if the letter goes astray or your name happens to be over looked in sending out netices, you can

write to the exemption board of the dis-trict in which they claim residence. Ask for your red ink number. It should be sent you by mail.

With only ten states remaining to be heard from on the organization of local number lists of registrants from all but 649 of the 4,559 exemption districts on file in Washington, Provost Marshal General Crowder was hopeful today that the preliminary stages of the war army drawing would be completed within forty-eight hours. He prepared to take up with Secretary Baker later in the day details of the lottery process for final

approval. If there is no unexpected delay, it seems likely that the drawing can be held Friday or Saturday. A single dis-trict which fails to finish its prelim-inary work on time, however, can hold up action indefinitely.

Ten States Yet at Work.

Once past the drawing stage, Gen. sity for concerted action by the states ceases and the examination of regis trants and their assignment to the army or exemption can proceed in any state without regard to progress made in

or exemption can proceed in any state without regard to progress made in the other community.

The ten states not having completed their preparations for the drawing are Alabama, Illinois, New Yorfi, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, Kentucky, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia. The group includes the states having the largest population and probably the total population of all ten represents somewhere near half of the population of the entire country. The fact that rethe President in behalf of the sixteen pickets.

Another was that Mr. Malone would take full charge of the supposed appeal. To all of the questions fired at him in the midst of the crowd, Mr. Malone answered:

"I do not care what anybody says, I am not discussing any of my plans now."

Mock at Justice of Trial.

of the 4,559 are missing, however, shows that even in the ten states the shows that even in the shows the shows that even in th

How Estimates Are Made.

Other officials pointed out, however, bureau were not intended to fix the act ual population of any community. The

ual population of any community. The estimates are prefaced with the statement that they are for use in connection with the draft only. They are based upon registration, and represent the distribution over the country of men between the ages fixed in the draft law as liable for military service.

Large figures for many of the cities are accounted for by the concentration of men of the draft age there for work in munition or other plants.

Gen. Crowder has wired the governors of the delinquent states asking that they speed up the work of the delinquent precincts. Officials here, however, doubt if all returns will be complete before tomorrow night.

President Wilson is expected to issue regulations defining the draft liability of government workers. Exemptions, it is thought, will be granted to only indispensable employes.

dispensable employes. Urged to Study Exemption Rules.

Registrants are urged by the provost marshal general to take every opportunity between now and the time of the drawing of numbers to inform themselves thoroughly regarding the exemption regulations. This will assist ma-

The proceedings today were confined almost exclusively to arguments and speeches by the women, all of whom took the opportunity to make political speeches of various lengths.

Drifts Into Politics.

Miss Anne Martin, the first of the sixteen women to make a separate statement after Assistant Corporation Counsel Hart had concluded, began by claiming that there had been no testimony brought to show that a dense crowd had collected on Pennsylvania avenue and that traffic had not been obstructed. Then she branched off into politics, a move which was followed by most of the other women.

The prosecuting attorney's attitude has not been so much directed toward convicting us under a technicality of

suffrage talk, and finally Assistant Corporation Counsel Hart objected "to propagating political views in the court" and asked her to confine herself to the facts.

Judge Mullowny, showing the leniency which has characterized all of the Police Court picketing trials as far as matters of procedure are concerned, advised Miss Martin that if she had been a lawyer she would have said "Til make this a part of my speech." Miss Martin took the hint and "made it a part of her speech," and continued:

Beady to Go to Jail, She Says.

"As long as women go to jail for petty offenses to secure freedom for the women of America, then we will continue to go to jail.

"Wherewer efforts for liberty have been persecuted, liberty has in the end prevaled."

Mrs. John Rogers. who asked the court to excuse her for a very apparent (Continued on Second Page.)

Questions Only for Local Boards.

Officials here are anxious that local boards make it clear everywhere that no question of exemption of any registered man for any cause other than physical disability or dependent relatives can be taken up before the local boards. The whole matter of industrial exemptions is left to the superior boards, one of which has been created in each federal judicial district.

No individual case where exemption is desired because the registrant is engaged in any industry classified as vitial to the conduct of the war will be taken up until that individual has been called up for examination by his local board, found to be without dependents and physically fit for mflitary duty and certified to the superior board. After that application to the superior board for exemption on other grounds will be admissible. The registrant or his employer may file necessary affidavits with the superior board. sary amdavits with the superior board